



Airborne Science Program Direction

Program Changes and Direction:

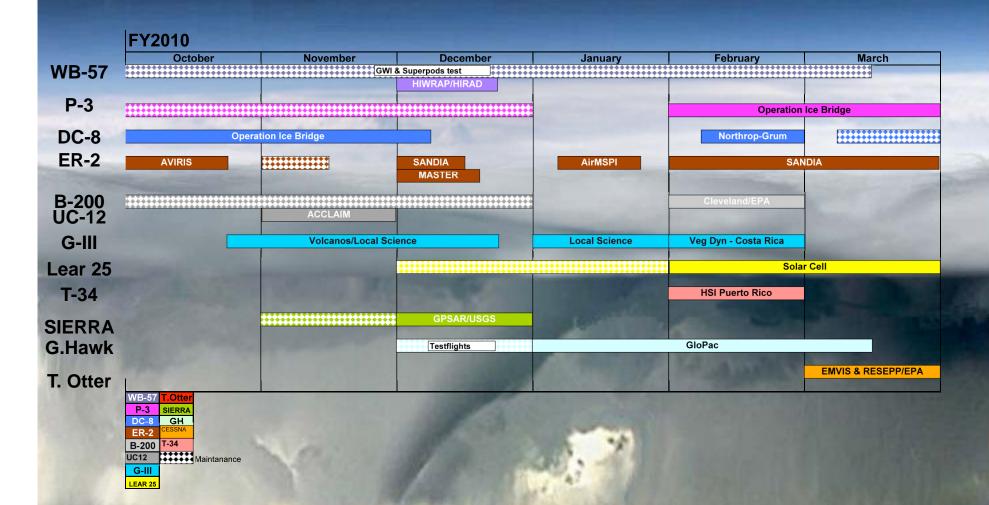
- Program Director Change
- Next Generation Programs
 - SARP
 - AREE
 - HOPE
- Missions
 - IPY
 - UAVSAR
 - GloPac
 - Ice Bridge
- Program Investments
 - Heavy Lift
 - SatCom
 - WB-57 GWI & Superpods
 - American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
- Earth Venture Initiative





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Platform Schedule



Note: Schedule current as of 10-19-09

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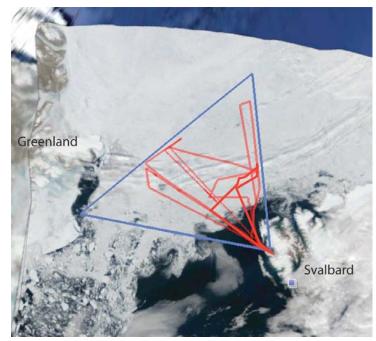
IPY - CASIE

- Characterization of Arctic Sea Ice Experiment
- July 2009
- 11 flights
 - providing data over 2523 km of the ice pack
- 9 to 10 hours flight duration
- Flight altitudes typically between 150 and 300m





- CU LIDAR and Imaging System (CULPIS) consisting of 2 laser altimeters
- GPS
- IMU
- Pressure sensors
- 2 Canon G10 digital cameras
- MicroASAR C-band imaging radar
- Video camera
- Up- and down-looking Kipp and Zonen pyranometers
- Upand down-looking Ocean Optics spectrometer
- 2 down-looking Heitronics KT-11 pyrometers
- Meteorological sensors (temperature, pressure and humidity)
- Icing sensor consisting of humidity and temperature sensors
- RaptorEye forward-looking video camera.

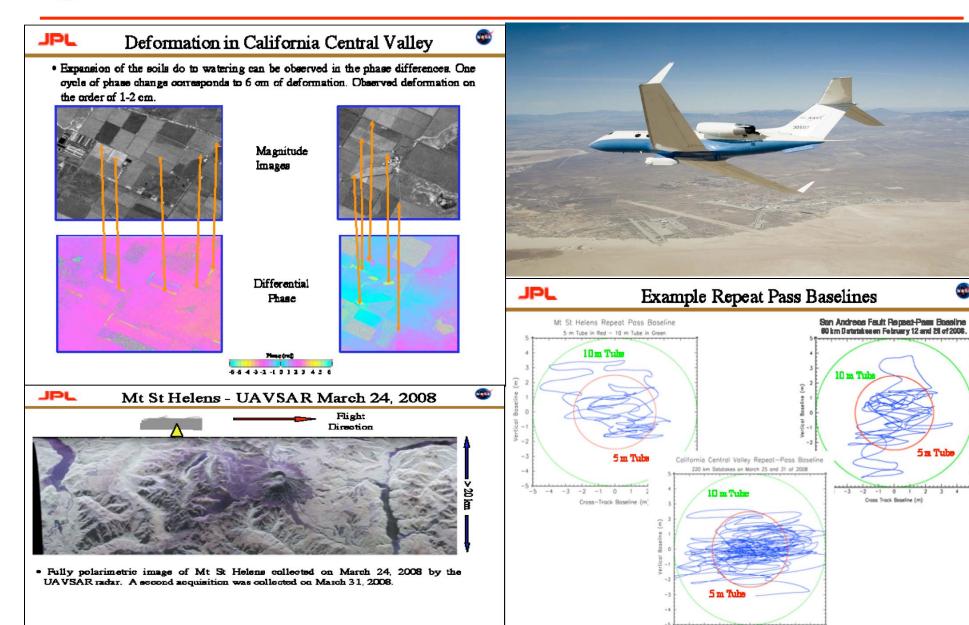


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UAVSAR





NASA Global Hawk Status November 7, 2009



- The Space Act Agreement w/NG working.
- Three successful flights with NASA 872
- First civil Global Hawk pilot qualified (NOAA's CDR Phil Hall)
- NASA in discussion w/AF to acquire AV7.
- First science missions (GloPac) scheduled for late January March

Range	>11,000 nmi	
Endurance	>31.5 hours	
Maximum Altitude	65,000 feet	
Gross Weight	26,750 lbs	
Fuel Capacity	15,300 lbs	
True Airspeed	335 knots	
Payload Weight	2000 lbs	
Payload Power	10 kVA	
Payload Volume	>100 ft3	
Airfield requirement	8,000 x 150 feet	
Engine	AE-3007H	
Fuel	JP-8	
AV-1	<600 flight hours	
AV-6	<200 flight hours	
Autonomous all phases of flight		



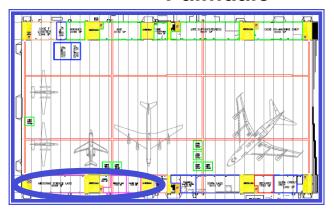
On-Station Times in the Gulf/Atlantic Region



Airborne Science Capability Additions and Program Stabilization



NASA Airborne Science Facility in Palmdale





NASA Dryden Flight Research Center Photo Collection http://www.dfrc.nasa.gov/Gallery/Photo/index.html NASA Photo: ED08–0022–01 Date: January 17, 2008 Photo By: Tom Tschida

The Dryden Aircraft Operations Facility in Palmdale, Calif., is now home to two large science aircraft, NASA's SOFIA observatory and a DC-8 science laboratory.

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WB-57 Upgrades

- Superpod Pylons completed & being integrated
- •Main landing gear gross weight increase analysis completed
- •Structure gross weight increase in progress





NASA American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

- WB-57 Aileron refurbishment
- P-3B Autopilot and Avionics Upgrade
- B-200 Payload
- DC-8 Low Utilization Maintenance Program initiation
- Payload support systems standardization (high altitude aircraft)
- Dryden Aircraft Operations Facility (ER-2 life support, science labs, administrative support areas)



Aircraft Catalog Blanket Purchase Agreements (BPA)

- Blanket Purchase Agreement respondents have come in. An unprecedented 12 companies offering dozens of aircraft are included:
 - Heavy Lift Aircraft
 - L-1011
 - Medium Lift Aircraft
 - B-200
 - G-1
 - Twin Otter
 - SAAB 340
 - OV-1
 - Light Aircraft
 - Archer
 - Unmanned Aircraft
- BPA award
- Paid for on a per mission basis. No recurring leases, no contract minimum











ESSP Program: Venture Class

- Venture Class missions within the ESSP program will be aligned to the recommendations of the National Academy of Science 2007 Decadal Survey:
 - Restore more frequent launch opportunities
 - Focus:
 - Foster revolutionary innovation
 - Facilitate the demonstration of innovative ideas and higher-risk technologies
 - Establish new research avenues
 - Demonstrate key application-oriented measurements
 - May include:
 - stand-alone missions that use simple, small instruments, spacecraft, and launch vehicles;
 - more complex instruments of opportunity flown on partner spacecraft and launch vehicles; or
 - complex sets of instruments flown on suitable suborbital platforms
 - "...Key to the success ...will be maintaining a steady stream of opportunities for community participation in the development of innovative ideas, which requires that strict schedule and cost guidelines be enforced

...,



Venture-class in NASA Earth Science

- NRC Decadal Survey recommended a "Venture Class" line of small, costand schedule-constrained, competitively selected "missions" to complement the identified strategic missions
 - Introduces competition and intellectual flexibility into the full Earth Science program, complementing the set identified missions
 - Cost is reasonably well constrained in the Decadal Survey
 - Features of a Venture-class mission line in Earth Science
 - Yearly calls for Venture-class missions as recommended by the NRC decadal survey
 - Incorporate an optimal mix of space-based, suborbital, balloons and sounding rocket missions
 - Opportunities for space-based missions should place no restriction on possible overlaps with decadal survey strategic missions
 - Missions should be ready for a launch readiness date of 2014 with a two-year readiness cycle



Upcoming Events

• Major Upcoming Activity:

- Ongoing UAVSAR, G-III
- Jan-Mar 10 GloPac, Global Hawk
- Mar 10 Ice Bridge Greenland 2010, P-3, DC-8
- Apr 10 WB-57 GWI and Superpods, WB-57
- Jun-Jul 10 SARP
- Aug-Sept 10 GRIP, DC-8, Global Hawk
- Oct 10 Ice Bridge Antarctica 2010, DC-8
- Mar 11 Ice Bridge Greenland 2011, P-3, DC-8
- Oct 10 Ice Bridge Antarctica 2011, DC-8
- Jan 12 PAC3E Guam/SE Asia, DC-8, WB-57/ER-2